## **Introduced by Senator Florez**

February 14, 2003

An act to amend Sections 4453.5 and 5753 of the Vehicle Code, relating to vehicles.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 237, as amended, Florez. Vehicles: transfer of legal ownership. Existing

(1) Existing law provides that it is unlawful for any person to fail or neglect to properly endorse, date, and deliver the certificate of ownership of a vehicle to a transferee who is lawfully entitled to a transfer of vehicle registration.

This bill would require a lienholder legal owner to cause delivery of mail, transmit, or deliver the certificate of ownership, within 10 15 business days—of after receipt of payment in full for the satisfaction of a security interest and specified documents, to a transferee who, due to the satisfaction of a security interest, is entitled to a transfer of legal ownership. If a lease provides a lessee with the option to purchase the leased vehicle, the bill would require the lessor, within 10 15 business days of after receiving payment in full for the purchase, and all required documents, to cause delivery of mail, transmit, or deliver the certificate to the transferee who, due to purchase of the vehicle, is lawfully entitled to transfer of legal ownership. The bill would require a lienholder legal owner or lessor who fails to transfer the certificate of ownership within that 10-day 15-day period to pay \$25 per day to the transferee for each day the following the 10-day period that no payment is made the mailing, transmittal, or delivery requirements remain unsatisfied, not

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to exceed \$2,500. The bill would treble the amount if the lienholder legal owner or lessor fails to pay the required amount within 60 days of written demand and would entitle the transferee to costs and reasonable attorney fees incurred in any court action brought to collect the payment.

By changing the definition of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

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(2) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

*The people of the State of California do enact as follows:* 

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 4453.5 of the Vehicle Code is amended to read:
- 3 4453.5. (a) In the case of leased vehicles, the lessor and the 4 lessee shall be shown on the registration card as the owner and the lessee of a vehicle, and the department shall designate their relationships upon the card and the ownership certificate by the words "lessor" and "lessee" and, at the election of the lessor, the 7 department may designate thereon either the address of the lessor 9 or the lessee.
- (b) Transfers of ownership involving vehicles registered as provided in subdivision (a) shall only be effected upon the 12 signature release of the lessor.
  - (c) The lessor shall provide the address, or the name and address, of the lessee on a form prescribed by the department in all cases where the information is not on the registration card and ownership certificate. Information received under this subdivision shall be used only for law enforcement and shall be available only to law enforcement officials at their request.
  - (d) A lessor shall, upon written request of the lessee or, if designated in writing, the lessee's designee, shall disclose any pertinent information regarding the amount of payment and the

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documents necessary to exercise any option held by the lessee to
purchase the leased vehicle.
SEC. 2. Section 5753 of the Vehicle Code is amended to read:

- SEC. 2. Section 5753 of the Vehicle Code is amended to read: 5753. (a) It is unlawful for any person to fail or neglect properly to endorse, date, and deliver the certificate of ownership and, when having possession, to deliver the registration card to a transferee who is lawfully entitled to a transfer of registration.
- (b) Except when the certificate of ownership is demanded in writing by a purchaser, a vehicle dealer licensed under this code shall satisfy the delivery requirement of this section by submitting appropriate documents and fees to the department for transfer of registration in accordance with Sections 5906 and 4456 of this code and rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.
- (c) (1) Within 10 days after receipt of satisfaction of a security interest, a lienholder shall cause the vehicle's certificate of ownership to be delivered to the transferee who, due to satisfaction
- (c) (1) Within 15 business days after receiving payment in full for the satisfaction of a security interest and a written instrument signed by the grantor of the security interest designating the transferee and authorizing release of the legal owner's interest, the legal owner shall release its security interest and mail, transmit, or deliver the vehicle's certificate of ownership to the transferee who, due to satisfaction of the security interest, is lawfully entitled to the transfer of legal ownership.
- (2) If a lease provides a lessee with the option to purchase the leased vehicle, within 10 days after receiving payment in full for the purchase, and all required documents, the lessor shall cause the vehicle's certificate of ownership to be delivered to the leased vehicle, within 15 business days after receiving payment in full for the purchase, and all documents necessary to effect the transfer, the lessor shall mail, transmit, or deliver the vehicle's certificate of ownership to the transferee, who, due to purchase of the vehicle, is lawfully entitled to the transfer of legal ownership.
- (d) The certificate of ownership delivered pursuant to subdivision (c) shall be signed by the lienholder legal owner or lessor to reflect release of the lienholder's or legal owner's interest or transfer of the lessor's interest in the vehicle or accompanied by a form provided by the department to accomplish the same result and signed by the lienholder legal owner or lessor. If the lienholder legal owner or lessor is not in possession or control of the

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certificate of ownership, the lienholder legal owner or lessor shall, within the time provided in subdivision (c) for the mailing, transmittal, or delivery of the certificate of ownership, take any action required by the department to release the lienholder's or legal owner's security interest or transfer the lessor's interest in the vehicle and within that time shall eause mail, transmit, or deliver written notice of its taking that action to be delivered to the transferee.

- (e) A lienholder legal owner or lessor that fails to satisfy the requirements of subdivisions (c) and (d), shall, without offset or reduction, pay the transferee twenty-five dollars (\$25) per day for each day that the requirements of subdivisions (c) and (d) remain unsatisfied, not to exceed a maximum payment of two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500). If the lienholder legal owner or lessor fails to pay this amount within 60 days following written demand by the transferee, the amount shall be trebled, not to exceed a maximum payment of seven thousand five hundred dollars (\$7,500), and the person entitled to receive this payment shall be entitled to costs and transferee shall be entitled to costs and reasonable attorneys fees incurred in any court action brought to collect the payment. The right to recover such these payments is cumulative with and is not in substitution or derogation of any remedy otherwise available at law or equity.
- (f) A lienholder legal owner, upon written request of the transferee, shall disclose any pertinent information regarding the amount of payment and the documents necessary to release the obligation secured by the lienholder's legal owner's interest.
- SEC. 3. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution.